Tree Inventory & Preservation Plan Report 20 Cairns Crescent Huntsville, Ontario

prepared for

1000120857 Ontario Inc. 110 Matheson Boulevard West, Suite 120 Mississauga, ON L5R 4G87

prepared by



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KUNTZ FORESTRY CONSULTING INC. Project P3676

Introduction

Kuntz Forestry Consulting Inc. (KFCI) was retained by 1000120857 Ontario Inc. to complete a Forest Tree Inventory and Preservation Plan report as part of a development application for the property located at 20 Cairns Crescent in Hunstville, Ontario. The subject site is located on the south side of Cairns Crescent between Cairns Drive and Kitchen Road South within a mixed-use area.

The work plan for this tree preservation study included the following:

- Prepare an inventory of deciduous tree resources greater than 6cm diameter at breast height (DBH) and coniferous tree resources greater than 2m in height on and within 6m of the subject property, and trees of all sizes within the road right-of-way surrounding the property.
- Evaluate potential tree saving opportunities based on proposed development plans;
- Document the findings in a Tree Inventory and Preservation Plan report.

The results of the evaluation are provided below.

Policy Framework

The Town of Huntsville By-law #2002-18 (Municipal Tree By-law) defines a "Tree" as any live Deciduous or Coniferous tree that has a minimum height of 2.0 metres (6.5 feet) and a minimum diameter of 45 millimetres (1.7 inches) at a point of one metre above ground level. Written approval from the Manager of Parks or the Director of Physical Services or their agents must be attained prior to the injuring or destruction of any tree on Municipal Lands within the Town of Huntsville.

Methodology

Deciduous trees greater than 6cm DBH and coniferous trees greater than 2m in height within the woodland were 100% tallied as a group and identified as a single polygon. This polygon has been identified as P22. Trees were tallied by species, size class, and assessed as acceptable growing stock (AGS) or unacceptable growing stock (UGS). Trees classified as AGS are trees with no major defects in the bole and exhibit relatively good crown structure and vigour. Trees classified as UGS are trees with a major defect in the bole or exhibiting relatively poor crown structure or vigour.

Deciduous trees greater than 6cm DBH and coniferous trees greater than 2m in height occurring along the edges of P22 up to 6m beyond the property boundary were included in the individual tree inventory. The minimum tree protection zone (mTPZ) distances employed are consistent with tree protection standards applied by various municipalities throughout Southern Ontario. Minimum tree protection zones are based on trunk diameter and are provided below.

Trunk Diameter (DBH)	Required mTPZ Distances
< 10 cm	1.2 m
11 - 30cm	1.8 m
31 - 40 cm	2.4 m
41 - 50 cm	3.0 m
51 – 60 cm	3.6 m
61 - 70 cm	4.2 m
71 - 80 cm	4.8 m
81 - 90 cm	5.4 m
91-100cm	6.0 m
101-110cm	6.6 m
111-120cm	7.2 m
121-130cm	7.8 m
131-140cm	8.4 m

Trees included in the individual tree inventory were located using a topographic survey of the subject site (provided by the client) and KFCI's Trimble Catalyst DA2 GNSS GPS survey unit, accurate to ±30cm. Trees occurring on the subject site and municipal right-of-way were tagged with the numbers 501-600 and 1201-1223, while trees occurring on neighbouring lands were not tagged and are identified with the numbers 1-85. Twenty-one (21) additional groups of trees were grouped into polygons and are identified as P1-P21.

Refer to Figure 1 for tree locations, Table 1 for the results of the individual tree inventory, and Table 2 for the results of the 100% tally of the clearing envelope.

Tree resources were visually assessed for condition utilizing the following parameters:

Tree # – Number or letter assigned to trees that corresponds to Figure 1.

Species – Common and botanical names provided in the inventory table.

DBH – Diameter (centimeters) at breast height, measured at 1.37 m above the ground.

Height – Height of tree (metres).

Condition – Condition of tree considering trunk integrity (TI), crown structure (CS) and crown vigor (CV). Condition ratings include poor (P), fair (F), and good (G).

Crown Dieback – Percentage of dead branches in the crown.

Crown Width - Crown diameter (metres).

Comments – Any other relevant tree condition information. Defects are rated light (L), moderate (M), or heavy (H).

Existing Site Conditions

The subject site is currently comprised of a vacant lot with a woodland covering the majority of the property. Refer to Figure 1 for existing site conditions.

Individual Tree Resources

Site visits were conducted on 20 and 21 March 2023. The 100% tally documented 1,609 trees within P22. This polygon covers approximately 14,276m^{2.} The individual tree inventory documented 206 trees and 21 polygons growing outside of P22 that could potentially be impacted by the proposed development.

Refer to Table 1 for full results of the individual tree inventory, Table 2 for full results of the 100% tally, and Figure 1 for the location of trees recorded in this study. See Appendix A for photos of trees.

Tree resources were comprised of White Ash (*Fraxinus americana*), White Spruce (*Picea glauca*), Pear (*Pyrus spp.*), Yellow Birch (*Betula alleghaniensis*), Sugar Maple (*Acer saccharum*), Eastern Hemlock (*Tsuga canadensis*), Basswood (*Tilia americana*), Balsam Fir (*Abies balsamea*), Eastern Cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*), Ironwood (*Ostrya virginiana*), Scots Pine (*Pinus sylvestris*), White Birch (*Betula papyrifera*), White Pine (*Pinus strobus*), Pussy Willow (*Salix spp.*), Black Cherry (*Prunus serotina*), Striped Maple (*Acer pensylvanicum*), Red Oak (*Quercus rubra*), American Beech (*Fagus grandifolia*), and Gray Alder (*Alnus incana*).

Proposed Development

The proposed development involves the construction of a 4-storey residential building with above ground parking, sidewalks, and driveways providing access to Cairns Crescent. Refer to Figure 1 for the proposed site plan.

Discussion

The following sections provide a discussion and analysis of tree impacts and tree preservation relative to the proposed development and existing conditions.

Development Impacts/Tree Removal

A 13,054 m² section of P22 containing approximately 1,471 trees, and 103 trees along the edges of P22 greater than 6cm DBH or 2m in height will need to be removed to accommodate the proposed development. An additional 14 polygons containing approximately 258 trees of all sizes will need to be removed. Tree removals must be completed outside of migratory bird season due to the Canadian Migratory Birds Convention Act,1994 (MBCA). If tree removals are to occur during the breeding bird season (April 1-August 31), a qualified biologist must conduct a nesting sweep within 72 hours of tree removals to confirm that no protected birds are breeding within trees identified for removal.

The removal of Tree 1217 is recommended regardless of the site plan due to it's condition.

Trees 6, and 1209 are located within the municipal right-of-way. Written approval from the Manager of Parks or the Director of Physical Services or their agents must be attained prior to the removal of these trees.

Trees 1-3, 59, 60, 64-70, 74, 77, 79-81, and 83-85 are located on adjacent property. Permission must be attained from the property owners prior to the removal of these trees.

Tree Preservation

The preservation of a 1,197m² section of P22 containing approximately 135 trees, as well as 102 individual trees and seven (7) polygons outside P22 may be possible with the use of the appropriate tree protection measures. Tree protection/erosion and sediment control fencing should be constructed from metal T-bars on 2-3m centres and geotextile, to be installed according to Figure 1. This tree protection fence must remain in place throughout the construction phase.

It is recommended that the proposed erosion and sediment control fencing be constructed to exclude amphibians from the construction area to avoid accidental impacts. The ESC fencing should be a minimum of 1 m in height and the bottom of the fence should be buried 10-20cm into the ground. The fencing should be maintained throughout the construction period. (Ministry of Natural Resources, 2013). Refer to Figure 1 for the location of required tree preservation fencing, general Tree Protection Plan Notes, and tree preservation fence details.

Where the minimum tree protection zone (mTPZ) of a tree cannot be fully respected, special mitigation measures have been prescribed and are outlined below.

Trees 53, 61, 71-73, 75, 76, and 82

Encroachment into the mTPZs of Trees 53, 61, 71-73, 75, 76, and 82 is required to accommodate grading work. The following mitigation measures must be employed to ensure the trees respond well to construction:

- 1. Prior to the commencement of the proposed work, tree preservation fencing should be installed as show on Figure 1.
- 2. Air-spading technology or a low-pressure hydro-vacuum unit should be used to excavate trenches at the locations shown on Figure 1 with solid cyan.
- 3. The depth of the trenches should be a minimum of 90cm.
- 4. Any roots found inside the trenches are to be pruned by a Certified Arborist in accordance with Good Arboricultural Standards.
- 5. The trenches are to be backfilled with clean topsoil.
- 6. All works should be supervised by a Certified Arborist in accordance with Good Arboricultural Standards.

Summary and Recommendations

Kuntz Forestry Consulting Inc. was retained by 1000120857 Ontario Inc. to complete a Tree Inventory and Preservation Plan report as part of a development application for the property located at 20 Cairns Crescent in the Town of Huntsville, Ontario. A tree inventory was conducted and reviewed in the context of the proposed site plan.

The study documented 1,609 trees within P22, as well as 206 individual trees and 21 polygons growing outside of P22 that could potentially be impacted by the proposed. The removal of approximately 1,471 trees within P22, and 103 trees and 14 polygons outside of P22 will be required to accommodate the proposed development. The remaining trees and polygons can be saved with the use of appropriate tree protection measures, as specified on Figure 1.

The following recommendations are suggested to minimize impacts to trees identified for preservation. Refer to Figure 1 for tree preservation fencing locations, general Tree Protection Plan Notes, and tree preservation fence details.

Tree protection barriers and fencing should be erected at locations as prescribed on Figure
 All tree protection measures should follow the guidelines as set out in the tree preservation plan notes and the tree preservation fencing detail.

- No construction activity including surface treatments, excavations of any kind, storage of
 materials or vehicles, unless specifically outlined above, is permitted within the area identified
 on Figure 1 as a tree protection zone (TPZ) at any time during or after construction.
- Special mitigation measures have been prescribed for select trees, as outlined in the *Tree Preservation* section of this report.
- Branches and roots that extend beyond prescribed tree protection zones that require pruning
 must be pruned by a qualified Arborist or other tree professional. All pruning of tree roots and
 branches must be in accordance with Good Arboricultural Standards.
- Site visits, pre, during, and post construction are recommended by either a certified consulting arborist (I.S.A.) or registered professional forester (R.P.F.) to ensure proper utilization of tree protection barriers. Trees should also be inspected for damage incurred during construction to ensure appropriate pruning or other measures are implemented.

Respectfully Submitted,

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Limitations of Assessment

Only the tree(s) identified in this report were included in the inventory. The assessment of the trees presented in this report has been made using accepted arboricultural techniques. These may include a visual examination taken from the ground of all the above-ground parts of the tree for structural defects, scars, external indications of decay such as fungal fruiting bodies, evidence of attack by insects, discoloured foliage, the condition of any visible root structures, the degree of lean (if any), the general condition of the trees and the identification of potentially hazardous trees or recommendations for removal (if applicable). Where trees could not be directly accessed (ie. due to obstructions, and/or on neighbouring properties), trees were assessed as accurately as possible from nearby vantage points.

Locations of trees provided in the report are determined as accurately as possible based on the best information available. If official survey information is not provided, tree location in the report may not be exact. Where KFCI's in-house GPS unit is used (if applicable), tree locations are accurate only to the extent that the technology allows, which can be variable based on satellite available, RTK network / cell coverage, canopy coverage, and/or projection transformation limitations. In this case, if trees occur on or near property boundaries, an official site survey may be required to determine ownership utilizing specialized survey protocol to gain precise location.

Furthermore, recommendations made in this report are based on the site plans that have been provided at the time of reporting. These recommendations may no longer be applicable should changes be made to the site plan and/or grading, servicing, or landscaping plans following report submission.

Notwithstanding the recommendations and conclusions made in this report, it must be recognized that trees are living organisms, and their health and vigor constantly change over time. They are not immune to changes in site conditions or seasonal variations in the weather conditions. Any tree will fail if the forces applied to the tree exceed the strength of the tree or its parts.

Although every effort has been made to ensure that this assessment is reasonably accurate, the trees should be re-assessed periodically. The assessment presented in this report is valid at the time of inspection.

Table 1. Individual Tree Inventory

Location:	20 Cairns Cres	_							Date: 20, 21 March 2023 Surveyors: <u>IB</u>						
Tree#	Common Name	Scientific Name	DBH	Height (m)	TI	cs	cv	CDB	cw	Comments	Action				
1	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	~22,15,10	5	F	F-G	F-G		6	Codominant at 0.5m	Remove				
2	White Spruce	Picea glauca	~63	8	G	G	G		6		Remove				
3	White Spruce	Picea glauca	~58	8	F-G	G	G		7	Exposed roots (M)	Remove				
4	Silver Maple	Acer saccharinum	~41,37	8	F-G	F	F-G		8	Codominant atb1.2m, dead branches (M)	Retain				
5	Pear	Pyrus spp.	~17, 20, 20, 18	3	P-F	P-F	F		7	Poor form (H)	Retain				
6	Yellow Birch	Betula alleghaniensis	19, 11, 9	5	F	F	F-G		6	Union at 1m, lean (L), asymmetrical crown (L)	Remove				
7	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	19, 13	5	F	F	F-G		14	Lean (M), codominant at base	Retain				
8	Eastern hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	~74	8	F-G	F	G		12	Exposed roots (M), dead branches (L)	Retain				
9	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	24,24	5	F	F	F-G		14	Codominant at 1m, asymmetrical crown (M)	Retain				
10	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	~35	7	G	F	G		12	Spiral seam, poor form (L)	Retain				
11	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	~30	7	G	F	F-G		12	Poor form (M)	Retain				
12	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	~29	7	F		F-G		10	Bowed (M), exposed roots (m)	Retain				
13	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	~36	7	G	P-F	F-G		12	V union at 4m, poor form (M)	Retain				
14	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	13, 11	3	G	G	G		4		Retain				
15	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	11	3	G	G	G		5		Retain				
16	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	7	3	G	G	G		2		Retain				
17	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	13	4	G	G	G		6		Retain				
18	Basswood	Tilia americana	~35, 35, 33, 25, 30	8	F	P-F	F		18	Codominant at base, leaning (M), poor form (M)	Retain				
19	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	6	2	G	G	G		2		Retain				
20	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	10	3	G	G	G		4		Retain				
21	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	27	6	F	G	G		10	Lean (M)	Retain				
22	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	12	4	G	G	G		4		Retain				
23	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	15	4	F	G	G		6	Lean (M)	Retain				
24	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	17	4	G	F	F		4	Broken branches (M), poor form (M)	Retain				
25	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	16	4	G	G	G		4		Retain				
26	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	11, 6	4	G		F-G		4		Retain				
27	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	17	4	G	F-G	G		4		Retain				
28	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	16	4	G	G	G		4		Retain				
29	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	16	4	G	G	G		4		Retain				
30	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	12	4	G	G	G		3		Retain				
32	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	26	6	G	G	F	20	10		Retain				
33	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	8	3	G	F	G		3	Topped	Retain				
34	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	~30	8	G	G	G		10		Retain				
35	Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	~50	12	G	G	G		14		Retain				

36	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	23	8	G	F	F-G		8	Bowed (M)	Retain
37	Yellow birch	Betula alleghaniensis	31	7	G	G	G		14	Bowed (W)	Retain
38	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	17	4	G	P-F			8	Top dead	Retain
39	Basswood	Tilia americana	30	8	G	F	F		12	Poor form (M), burls (M)	Retain
40	Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	7	3	G	G	G		6	r cor torm (m), bane (m)	Retain
41	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	20	6	F-G	F	F		8	Lean (M)	Retain
42	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	18	5	G	G	G		3	20011 (111)	Retain
43	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	22	7	G	P	F		7	Poor form (H)	Retain
44	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	10	3	G	G	G		4	(1)	Retain
45	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	7	3	G	G	G		2		Retain
46	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	30	7	G	G	G		12		Retain
47	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	15	3	G	F-G			10	Bowed (L)	Retain
48	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	30	8	G	G	G		12		Retain
49	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	17	4	G	G	G		10		Retain
50	Silver Maple	Acer saccharinum	38	9	G	F	G		14	Bowed (M)	Retain
51	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	8	3	G	G	G		2		Retain
52	Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	14,14	4	G	G	G		7		Retain
		, j	,								Retain
53	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	6	3	G	G	F		2	Poor vigor (M)	(injure)
54	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	6	3	G	G	F		2	Poor vigor (M)	Retain
55	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	24	6	G	G	G		8		Retain
56	Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	24	5	G	F	F-G		6	Union at 3m	Retain
57	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	11	3	G	G	F		2	Poor vigor (M)	Retain
58	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	10	3	G	G	G		2	y , ,	Retain
59	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	33	7	G	G	G		12		Remove
60	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	15	4	G	G	G		2		Remove
		A									Retain
61	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	18	5	G	F	F-G		8	Asymmetrical crown (M)	(injure)
62	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	12	4	G	G	G		2		Retain
63	Basswood	Tilia americana	35,32	8	P-F	P-F	P-F		18	Codominant at base, lost leader,	Retain
64	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	12	3	G	G	G		2		Remove
65	Scots pine	Pinus sylvestris	15	5	G	G	G		4		Remove
66	White Birch	Betula papyrifera	30	6	G	G	G		10		Remove
67	White Birch	Betula papyrifera	33	7	G	G	G		12		Remove
68	Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	23	7	G	G	G		10		Remove
69	Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	8	4	G	G	G		3		Remove
70	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	29	7	G	F-G	F	30	12	Union at 5m	Remove
		Populus deltoides									Retain
71	Eastern Cottonwood	1 opulus delitoldes	17	6	G	F	F-G		10	Asymmetrical crown (M)	(injure)
		Abies balsamea									Retain
72	Balsam Fir	אוונט טמוטמווולל	17	4	G	G	P-F		6	Poor vigor (H)	(injure)
		Abies balsamea									Retain
73	Balsam Fir	Abies balsaillea	8	3	G	G	G		2		(injure)
74	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	15, 15	4	F-G	F-G	F		5	Codominant at 0.5m, poor vigor (M)	Remove

										1	
		Populus deltoides									Retain
75	Eastern Cottonwood	. oparae aerreraee	14	4	G	F	F		6	Poor form (M)	(injure)
		Acer saccharum							[Retain
76	Sugar Maple		12	4	G	G	G		4		(injure)
77	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	14	4	G	_	P-F		4	Poor vigor (H)	Remove
78	Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	10	3	G	G	G		4		Retain
79	Basswood	Tilia americana	37, 28, 33	7	F	F	F		12	Codominant at base	Remove
80	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	13	3	G	F	F		4	Asymmetrical crown (M), poor vigor (M)	Remove
81	Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	8	3	G	G	G	_	2		Remove
		Abies balsamea									Retain
82	Balsam Fir	Abics balsallica	21	4	G	G	P-F	50	4		(injure)
83	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	11	4	G	F	F	40	4		Remove
84	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	6	3	G	P-F	P-F	50	2	Poor form (H)	Remove
85	Black Cherry	Prunus serotina	17	4	G	G	G		8		Remove
501	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	44	10	G	F	G		14	Poor form (M)	Remove
502	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	12	3	G	G	G		6		Remove
503	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	11	3	F-G	F	F		6	Canker (M)	Remove
504	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	16	3	G	G	G		4		Remove
505	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	12	3	G	F-G	G		4	Asymmetrical crown (L)	Remove
506	Black Cherry	Prunus serotina	12	3	G	G	G		6	, ,	Remove
507	Yellow birch	Betula alleghaniensis	40	6	F	F	F-G		12	Bowed (M), poor form (M)	Remove
508	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	19	6	G	G	G		10		Remove
509	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	9	3	G	G	F-G		2	Poor vigor (L)	Remove
510	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	9	3	G	G	G		2		Remove
511	Yellow birch	Betula alleghaniensis	21	6	F	G	G		10	Exposed roots (H)	Remove
512	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	10	3	F-G	G	G		2	Bowed at base	Remove
513	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	11	3	G	G	G		2		Remove
514	Yellow birch	Betula alleghaniensis	23	6	G	F-G	G		8	Asymmetrical crown (L)	Remove
515	Yellow birch	Betula alleghaniensis	13	4	G	G	G		6	(2)	Remove
516	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	8	2	G	G	G		2		Remove
517	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	18	3	G	F	G		8	Asymmetrical crown (M), lean (L)	Remove
518	Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	10	3	G	F	Р	50	3	Fruiting bodies (M)	Remove
519	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	8	3	G	F	F	20	3	Poor form (M)	Remove
521	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	13	3	G	G	G	20	2	l cor form (W)	Remove
522	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	17	3	G	G	G		4		Remove
523	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	10	3	G	G	G		2		Remove
524	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	54	11	G	F-G	G		14	Codominant at 2m	Remove
525	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	16	4	G	G	G		3	Octobrillan de Zili	Remove
526	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	7	3	G	G	G		2		Remove
527	Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	17	7	G	F-G	G		8	Asymmetrical crown (L)	Remove
321	Lastern Cottonwood	r opulus delitoldes	17		G	, -0	U		U	Fruiting bodies (M), codominant at 1m, dead	Remove
528	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	39, 47	11	F-G	F	P-F		20	branches(M)	Remove
529	Basswood	Tilia americana	34	8	G	F	F-G		12	Asymmetrical crown (M) poor form (M)	Remove
530	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	13	3	G	G	F	30	3		Remove
531	Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	35	10	G	G	G		12		Remove

532	Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	17	7	G	F-G	G		8	Poor form (L)	Remove
533	Basswood	Tilia americana	28,55,16	10	F	F-G	F-G		14	Codominant at base	Remove
534	Yellow birch	Betula alleghaniensis	52	9	F-G	Р	P-F		19	Dead leader, codominant at 1.5m, asymmetrical crown (H)	Remove
535	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	15	3	G	G	G		3	(11)	Remove
536	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	31	8	G	F-G	G		16	Asymmetrical crown (M)	Remove
537	Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	24	10	G	G	G		10	Asymmetrical crown (w)	Remove
539	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	19	5	G	G	G		4		Remove
540	White Birch	Betula papyrifera	13	3	F-G	G	G		6	Lost leader, lean (L)	Remove
541	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	19	7	G	G	F	30	8	Look roador, roam (L)	Remove
542	Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	8	3	G	G	G	- 00	6		Remove
543	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	16	5	G	G	F		4	Poor vigor (M)	Remove
544	White Birch	Betula papyrifera	11	4	F-G	G	F-G		4	. ss. ligs. ()	Remove
545	White Birch	Betula papyrifera	12	4	G	G	G		4		Remove
546	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	13	4	G	G	G		4		Remove
547	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	18	6	G	F	G		8	Asymmetrical crown (M)	Remove
548	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	25	8	G	G	G		14	()	Remove
549	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	11	3	G	G	G		4		Remove
550	Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	8	3	G	G	G		4		Remove
551	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	8	3	G	G	Р		2		Remove
552	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	17	4	G	G	G		4		Remove
553	Service berry	Amelanchier arborea	9	3	F	G	G		6	Lean (M)	Remove
554	Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	9	5	G	G	G		6		Remove
555	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	25,24,22	7	F-G	F	F		18	Codominant at 0.5m, dead branches (M)	Remove
556	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	10	4	G	F	F	30	5	Asymmetrical crown (M)	Remove
557	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	10	4	G	F	G		4	· ·	Remove
558	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	23	7	G	F-G	F-G		12	Asymmetrical crown (L)	Remove
559	White Pine	Pinus strobus	34, 17	6	F-G	F-G	G		8	Union at 0.5m, asymmetrical crown (L)	Remove
560	White Spruce	Picea glauca	30	6	F-G	G	G		6	Lean (L)	Remove
561	White Pine	Pinus strobus	51	6	G	F-G	G		9	Codominant at 1.5m	Remove
562	Pussy willow	Salix spp.	8,7,5,4	2	F	F	F	20	4	Codominant at base, dead leader	Remove
563	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	22	5	G	F	VP	90	6	V union at 1.5m, poor form (M)	Remove
564	Eastern Cottonwood	Populus deltoides	20	7	G	F-G	F	15	8	Dead branches (L), lean (L)	Remove
565	Basswood	Tilia americana	20	7	G	F-G	F		6	Poor vigor (L), Union at 2.3m	Remove
566	Basswood	Tilia americana	18	6	G	F	G		4	Poor form (M)	Remove
567	Black Cherry	Prunus serotina	13	5	F	G	G		4	Bowed at base	Retain
568	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	25	7	G	F	VP	90	3	Almost dead	Retain
569	Eastern White Cedar	Thuja occidentalis	44	4	G	G	G		6		Retain
570	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	12, 10	3	F	F	F		4	Codominant at base, poor form	Retain
571	Striped Maple	Acer pensylvanicum	7	3	G	Р	G		6	Lost leader, poor form (H)	Retain
572	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	13	3	G	F	G		6	Asymmetrical crown (M)	Retain
573	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	17	4	G	G	G		8		Retain
574	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	7	3	G	G	G		6		Retain
575	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	8	3	G	F	G		4	Bowed((m), asymmetrical crown (M)	Retain

576 l					_				_	1	
	Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	19	4	G	G	G		6		Retain
577	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	7	3	G	G	F		2	Thin crown	Retain
578	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	7	3	G	G	G		2		Retain
579	Yellow birch	Betula alleghaniensis	21	5	G	F-G			12		Retain
580	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	15	4	G	G	F-G		8		Retain
581	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	10	3	G	F	F-G		4	Crook(L), poor form (M,)	Retain
582	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	7	3	G	F	F-G		3	Asymmetrical crown (M)	Retain
583	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	11	3	G	G	G		4		Retain
584	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	26	7	G	G	G		10		Retain
585	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	30	7	G	G	Ŋ		14		Retain
586	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	20	6	G	F-G	G		8	Crook (L)	Retain
587	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	22	6	G	G	G		5		Retain
588	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	8	3	G	G	G		4		Retain
589	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	15	4	G	F	Р	40	4		Retain
590	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	24	6	F	F	F-G		5	Bowed (M), asymmetrical crown (L)	Retain
591	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	37, 14	8	F-G	F-G	G		12	Union atv1.2m,	Retain
592	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	22	7	F	G	G		10	Bowed at base (M)	Retain
593	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	27	7	G	G	G		12	, ,	Retain
594	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	13	4	F-G	P-F	P-F		4	Poor form (M)	Retain
595	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	22	6	G	F	G		10	Union at 2.5m	Retain
596	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	17	5	P-F	F-G	F		8	Lean (M)	Retain
597	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	25	7	G	G	G		12	` '	Retain
598	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	44	9	G	P-F	F-G		16	Asymmetrical crown (M), lost leader (L)	Retain
599	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	32	8	F	F	F		8	Cavity (M), poor form (M)	Retain
600	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	30	8	F	F	F		10	Canker (H)	Retain
1201	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	28	8	G	F	G		6	Asymmetrical crown (M)	Remove
1202	Black Walnut	Juglans nigra	25	7	F-G	F-G	F-G		7	Bowed (L), Union at 3m	Remove
1203	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	38	8	F-G	G	G		7		Remove
1204	Red Oak	Quercus rubra	6	4	G	F	G		4	Asymmetrical crown (M)	Remove
1204	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	9	4	G	F	F	20	4	Asymmetrical crown (M)	Remove
1205	Black Cherry	Prunus serotina	7	4	F-G	F	F		4	Poor form (M), fruiting bodies (L)	Remove
1206	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	20, 14	6	F	F	F	20	6	Codominant at base, crown die back (M)	Remove
1207	Red Oak	Quercus rubra	7	3						Almost dead	Remove
1208	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	16	4	G	G	G		5		Remove
1209	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	3	4	G	G	G		1		Remove
1210	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	15	4	G	F	G		5	Asymmetrical crown (M)	Remove
1211	White Spruce	Picea glauca	20	7	G	G	P-F	20	5	Poor vigor (M)	Remove
1212	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	18	5	G	G	G		5		Remove
1213	Eastern Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	31	7	G	F-G			9	Asymmetrical crown (L)	Remove
1214	Eastern hemlock	Tsuga canadensis	38	8	G	G	G		6		Remove
1215	American Beech	Fagus grandifolia	50	10	G	G	G		14		Remove
1216	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	41	10	G	F-G			10	Union at 4.5m, poor form (L)	Remove

	T			1			1		,	Ta	
		Acer saccharum			l _	_	_	[Codominant at 2.5m, fruiting bodies (H), dead leader	Remove
1217	Sugar Maple		77	11	F	P	P	50	16	(H)	(condition)
1218	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	28	7			F-G		12	Lean (L)	Retain
1219	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	53	12		F-G	_		18	Codominant at 1.6m	Retain
1220	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	15	4	G	G	G		6		Retain
1221	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	7	3	G	G	G		4		Retain
1222	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	31	7	G	F	G		9	Union at 5m	Retain
1223	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	19	5	G	G	G		10		Remove
P1	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	6-24	5						24 trees, average DBH 15cm	Remove
P2	Gray Alder	Alnus incana	3-6	3						~50 trees, average 5cm	Remove
P3	Eastern White Cedar	Thuja occidentalis	15-26	5						3 trees, average DBH 19cm	Remove
		Fraxinus americana,									
	White Ash, Sugar	Acer saccharum, Tilia									Remove
P4	Maple, Basswood	americana	5-15	4						29 trees, average DBH 10cm	
	Sugar Maple, Balsam	Acer saccharum,									Retain
P5	Fir	Abies balsamea	6-18	5						4 trees, average DBH 12cm	rtotairi
		Acer saccharum,									
	Sugar Maple, Balsam	Abies balsamea,									Retain
P6	Fir, Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	6-35	6						22 trees, average DBH 15cm	
	Balsam Fir, Yellow	Abies balsamea,									Retain
P7	Birch	Betula alleghaniensis	7-11	4						4 trees	Retain
P8	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	6-15	4						6 trees, average 8cm	Retain
P9	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	6-13	5						5 trees	Retain
P10	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	3-6	3						8 trees, average 4cm	Retain
P11	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	6-10	3						6 trees	Remove
		Acer saccharum,									
	Balsam Fir, Ironwood,	Abies balsamea,									Remove
P12	Sugar Maple	Ostrya virginiana	3-8	4						16 trees average 6cm	
		Abies balsamea,									Remove
P13	Balsam Fir, Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	6-25	5						17 trees, average DBH 10cm.	Remove
P14	Balsam Fir	Abies balsamea	3-8	3						16 trees, average 5cm	Remove
		Abies balsamea,									Remove
P15	Balsam Fir, Ironwood	Ostrya virginiana	3-14	3						26 trees, average DBH 6cm	Keillove
	Balsam Fir, Eastern	Abies balsamea,									
	Cottonwood, Yellow	Betula alleghaniensis,									Remove
P16	Birch	Populus deltoides	3-25	5						22 trees, average DBH 13cm	
		Betula papyrifera,									
	White Birch, Balsam	Abies balsamea,									Remove
P17	Fir, Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	45015	6						23 trees, average 14cm	
	Eastern Cottonwood,	Prunus serotina,									
	White Ash, Black	Populus deltoides,									Remove
P18	Cherry	Fraxinus americana	3-8	4						11 trees average 5cm	
	Eastern Hemlock,	Tsuga canadensis,									Detair
P19	White Ash	Fraxinus americana	4-15	4						9 trees average 6cm	Retain
P20	Pussy willow	Salix spp.	4-7	2						4 trees, average 6cm	Remove
P21	Pussy willow	Salix spp.	3-8	2						11 trees, average 6cm	Remove

	Codes	-
DBH	Diameter at Breast Height	(cm)
ТІ	Trunk Integrity	(G, F, P)
CS	Crow n Structure	(G, F, P)
CV	Crow n Vigor	(G, F, P)
CDB	Crown Die Back	(%)
CW	Crow n Width	(m)
~= estima	te; (VL) = very light; (L) = light;	(M) = moderate; (H) = heavy

Table 2. 100% Tally Analysis of P22

Location: 20 Cairns Cres Date: Surveyor: Stations Tallied: 20-21 March 2023

100% tally of diciduous trees ≥ 6cm DBH and coniferous trees ≥ 2m in height within clearing envelope

Stand Analysis Tally (by Species, Size Class and Quality Class)

Tree Size Class	6-9 cm		10-24	l cm	_	nall 6 cm		lium 8 cm	Large 50 cm +		Total All Sizes	
Species	AGS	UGS	AGS	UGS	AGS	UGS	AGS	UGS	AGS	UGS	AGS	UGS
Balsam Fir	81	134	19	59	3	10					103	203
Sugar Maple	90	84	39	126	32	40	12	14	6		179	264
Ironwood	62	56	21	34	8						91	90
Basswood	20	8	5	7	1		2	1	2		30	16
Eastern Hemlock		2	5	14		9		1			5	26
Black Cherry	2	4	5	2							7	6
White Ash	160	27	84	14	15	5	2				261	46
White Spruce				3							0	3
Yellow Birch	20	32	15	30	4	6	3	2			42	70
American Beech			1	2				1		1	1	4
Eastern Cottonwood	15	5	30	37	5	30	2	1			52	73
Red Oak	3	1				1					3	2
Eastern White Cedar	7	3	5	4		1					12	8
Silver Maple	3	5		1							3	6
Striped Maple	3										3	0
Total Number of Trees	466	361	229	333	68	102	21	20	8	1	792	817

Appendix A. Photographs of Trees



Tree 1



Tree 2-3



Looking west from north end of property



Looking south from north end of property



East side of property as seen from Kitchen Road South



Southeast corner of property as seen from Kitchen Road South



Trees along south end of property (looking west)



Trees along west end of property (looking south)



Tree 559-563 and P21